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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/758,979	01/16/2004	Frederick M. Ausubel	00786/408002	8737

21559 7590 01/05/2006

CLARK & ELBING LLP
101 FEDERAL STREET
BOSTON, MA 02110

EXAMINER

ROBINSON, HOPE A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1656

DATE MAILED: 01/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/758,979

Applicant(s)

AUSUBEL ET AL.

Examiner

Hope A. Robinson

Art Unit

1656

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 September 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1 and 4-6 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 2 and 3 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 16 January 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/22/04.

- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☒ Other: Notice to comply

DETAILED ACTION

Application Status

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group II (claims 2-3) on September 30, 2005 is acknowledged.

Claim Disposition

2. Claims 1-6 are pending. Claims 2-3 are under examination. Claims 1 and 4-6 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.12(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Specification

3. The specification is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - (a) The specification is also objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01. See page 13 for example. It is suggested that http:// is deleted.
 - (b) The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The following is suggested:
"Nucleic Acids, Proteins and Enterococcal Virulence Factors".

Sequence Compliance

4. This application contains sequence disclosures that are encompassed by the definitions for nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences set forth in 37 CFR 1.821(a)(1) and (a)(2). However, this application fails to comply with the requirements of 37 CFR 1.821 through 1.825; applicant's attention is directed to the final rule making notice published at 55 FR 18230 (May 1, 1990), and 1114 OG 29 (May 15, 1990). To be in compliance, applicant is required to identify all amino acid sequences of at least 4 L-amino acids and at least 10 nucleotides by a sequence identifier, i.e., "SEQ ID NO:". The specification discloses sequences that have not been identified by a sequence identifier, see for example, page 11, Figures 15 B, D, F, H, J, L, N and P. If these sequences have not been disclosed in the computer readable form of the sequence listing and the paper copy thereof, applicant must provide a computer readable form of the "Sequence Listing" including these sequences, a paper copy of the "Sequence Listing", as well as an amendment directing its entry into the specification, and a statement that the content of the paper and computer readable form copies are the same and, where applicable, include no new matter as required by 37 CFR 1.821(e) or 1.821(f) or 1.821(g) or 1.821(b) or 1.825(d). See the attached Notice to Comply with the sequence rules.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to

make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The claimed invention is directed to an isolated nucleic acid and vector, said nucleic acid consists of 45% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2, the complement thereof and fragments thereof, however, the specification lacks adequate written description to demonstrate to a skilled artisan that applicant was in possession of the claimed invention. The claims are not limited to a function for said nucleic acid fragments thereof. A skilled artisan cannot envision the detailed chemical structure of the claimed products as no description is provided for the vast amount of fragments encompassed in the claims.

Claims 2-3 are directed to a genus of nucleic acids having 45% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 2. Therefore, the genus as claimed is highly variable. The specification fails to provide any additional representative species of the claimed genus to show that applicant was in possession of the claimed genus. A representative number of species means that the species, which are adequately described are representative of the entire genus. The written description requirement for a claimed genus may be satisfied through sufficient description of a representative number of species by actual reduction to practice, disclosure of drawings, or by disclosure of relevant identifying characteristics, for example, structure or other physical and/or chemical properties, by functional characteristics coupled with a known or disclosed correlation

between function and structure, or by a combination of such identifying characteristics, sufficient to show the applicant was in possession of the claimed genus.

Accordingly, in the absence of sufficient recitation of distinguishing identifying characteristics, the specification does not provide adequate written description of the claimed genus. The claimed genus of nucleic acid could include non-functional proteins or proteins with a different function than the one described. Therefore, the genus of claimed nucleic acids encompasses widely variant species. As such, neither the description of the structure and function of SEQ ID NO: 2, for example, "45% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2 and is sufficient is sufficient to be representative of the attributes and features of the entire genus.

Vas-Cath Inc. v. Mahurkar, 935 F.2d 1555, 1563-64, 19 USPQ2d 1111, 1117 (Fed. Cir.1991), states that "applicant must convey with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, he or she was in *possession of the invention*. The invention is, for purposes of the 'written description' inquiry, *whatever is now claimed*" (See page 1117). The specification does not "clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that [he or she] invented what is claimed" (See *Vas-Cath* at page 1116). The skilled artisan cannot envision the detailed chemical structure of the encompassed genus of polypeptides, and therefore, conception is not achieved until reduction to practice has occurred, regardless of the complexity or simplicity of the method of isolation. Adequate written description requires more than a mere statement that it is part of the invention and reference to a potential method of isolating it. The compound itself is required. See *Fiers v. Revel*, 25 USPQ2d 1601 at 1606 (CAFC 1993).

Therefore, for all these reasons the specification lacks adequate written description, and one of skill in the art cannot reasonably conclude that the applicant had possession of the claimed invention at the time the instant application was filed.

6. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the nucleic acid set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, for example, does not reasonably provide enablement for any fragments thereof for the claimed sequence. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The enablement requirement refers to the requirement that the specification describe how to make and how to use the invention. There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is undue. These factors include, but are not limited to: Quantity of Experimentation Necessary; Amount of direction or guidance presented; Presence or absence of working examples; Nature of the Invention; State of the prior art and Relative skill of those in the art; Predictability or unpredictability of the art and Breadth of the claims (see *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d at 737, 8 USPQ2d at 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988)). The factors most relevant to the instant invention are discussed below.

The claims are overly broad in scope: Claims 2-3 broadly encompass all isolated nucleic acid comprising 45% sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:2 or a complement thereof or a sequence consisting essentially of SEQ ID NO:2 or a fragment thereof. The scope of the claims

includes variants and fragment of the sequence, which is not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the extremely large number of nucleic acids encompassed in the claims. The disclosure is limited to a nucleic acid set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

Lack of guidance and working examples: The working examples provided do not rectify the missing information in the instant specification pertaining to the claimed variant. The nature and properties of this claim is difficult to ascertain from the examples provided as one of skill in the art would have to engage in undue experimentation to construct the variants of the claimed invention and examine the same for function. The instant specification fails to provide guidance for making and/or using the entire scope of the claimed nucleic acids, which encompass variants and fragments of SEQ ID NO:2. A skilled artisan recognizes that such nucleic acids have the potentiality of encoding proteins having any function. The specification fails to provide guidance regarding those regions or fragments of SEQ ID NO:2 that are necessary for activity and which of those fragments may be elongated with additional nucleotides and maintain activity. Further, the specification fails to provide guidance as to methods of isolating and/or using those nucleic acids that do not encode a protein, those that encode non-functional proteins or those have a function other than the one desired which are all encompassed in the claims.

The high degree of unpredictability of the art: The nucleotide sequence of an encoding nucleic acid determines an encoded protein's structural and functional properties. Predictability of which potential changes can be tolerated in an encoded protein's amino acid sequence and obtain the desired activity requires a knowledge of and guidance with regard to which amino acids in the protein's sequence, if any, are tolerant of modification and which are conserved, and detailed knowledge of the ways in which the protein's structure related to its function. The

positions within an encoding nucleic acid sequence where nucleotide modifications can be made with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining an encoded protein with the desired activity are limited and the result of such modifications is unpredictable.

The state of the prior art: The state of the art provides evidence for the high degree of unpredictability as stated above. Seffernick et al. (J. Bacteriology, vol. 183, pages 2405-2410) disclose two polypeptides having 98% amino acid identity and 99% sequence identity at the nucleic acid level, differing at only 9 out of 475 amino acids (page 2407, right col., middle and page 2408, Fig. 3). The polypeptides of Seffernick et al., are identical along relatively long stretches of their respective sequences (page 2408, Fig. 3), however, these polypeptides exhibit distinct functions. Thus, even though a first nucleic acid may share identical regions with a second nucleic acid, it is highly unpredictable as to whether the two nucleic acids encode proteins having identical functions.

It is in no way predictable to make a vast amount of changes in the structure and determine retention of function. Further, the claims are directed to a nucleic acid molecule having at least 45% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2. Claim 2 only requires that the claimed nucleic acid is 45% identical to a sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 and neither the description of the structure and function of SEQ ID NO: 2, for example, "45% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:2" is sufficient to be representative of the attributes and features of the entire genus and only represents a partial structure. Note that the claims recite the open language "comprises/having" which is indicative of the enormous variability encompassed by the claims. Therefore, a skilled artisan would not be able to envision the detail chemical structure of the claimed nucleic acid. Additionally, there is no demonstration of such a nucleic acid encoding the claimed protein.

In this case, the necessary guidance has not been provided in the specification. It is well known in the art that a single nucleotide or amino acid change or mutation can destroy the function of the biomolecule in many cases. The skilled artisan would recognize the high degree of unpredictability that all the fragments encompassed in the claims would retain the recited function. Further, the art recognizes that a single nucleotide change can result in a protein that could be non-functional. For example, Tuddenham et al. (Nucleic Acids Research, vol. 22, no. 17, pages 3511-3533, 1994) discloses an established database of nucleotide substitutions, deletions, insertions and rearrangements. The database demonstrates the deleterious impact that various point mutations, deletions and insertions have on the function of a Factor VIII protein. Furthermore, the reference demonstrates that a change of only a single nucleotide may result in loss of function in the protein product (see page 3512 of the reference). Additionally, Heim et al. (PNAS, vol. 91, pages 12501-04, 1994) disclose that a mutated DNA was sequenced and found to contain five amino acid substitutions, only one of which was found to be critical, Tyr66His, in the center of the chromophore. Heim et al. also disclose further site directed mutagenesis and noted that there was tolerance of the substitutions made, however, some mutants were weakly fluorescent (page 12504). Thus, the state of the prior art provides evidence for the high degree of unpredictability as stated above.

The amount of experimentation required is undue: While recombinant and mutagenesis techniques are known, it is not routine in the art to screen for multiple substitutions or multiple modifications, as encompassed by the instant claims. In view of the overly broad scope of the claims, the lack of guidance and working examples provided in the specification, and the high degree of unpredictability as evidenced by the state of the prior art, undue experimentation

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would be necessary for a skilled artisan to make and use the entire scope of the claimed nucleic acids.

Thus applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to make the claimed invention in a manner reasonably correlated with the scope of the claims. This make and test position is inconsistent with the decisions of *In re Fisher*, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970) where it is stated that "...scope of claims must bear a reasonable correlation to scope of enablement provided by the specification to persons of ordinary skill in the art...". Without sufficient guidance, determination of having the desired biological characteristics is unpredictable and the experimentation left to those skilled in the art is unnecessarily and improperly extensive and undue. See *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d at 737, 8 USPQ2d at 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

Thus, for all these reasons, the specification is not considered to be enabling for one skilled in the art to make and use the claimed invention as the amount of experimentation required is undue, due to the broad scope of the claims, the lack of guidance and working examples provided in the specification and the high degree of unpredictability as evidenced by the state of the prior art, attempting to construct and test variants of the claimed invention would constitute undue experimentation. Making and testing the infinite number of possible variants to find one that functions as desired is undue experimentation. Therefore, applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of skill in the art to make and use the claimed invention in a manner that reasonably correlates with the scope of the claims, to be considered enabling.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by HUMAN GENOME SCI. INC. (WO 98/50555 A2, November 12, 1998).

HUMAN GENOME SCI. INC. teach a sequence that is 99.9% identical to the nucleic acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 of the instant application (claim 2, see the attached alignment). Furthermore, the reference discloses vectors (claim 3). Therefore, the limitations of the claims are met by this reference.

Conclusion

8. No claims are allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hope A. Robinson whose telephone number is 571-272-0957. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathleen Kerr, can be reached at (571) 272-0931. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hope Robinson, MS. *HR*

Patent Examiner

12/23/05

**HOPE ROBINSON
PATENT EXAMINER**

NOTICE TO COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS FOR PATENT APPLICATIONS CONTAINING NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE AND/OR AMINO ACID SEQUENCE DISCLOSURES

Applicant must file the items indicated below within the time period set the Office action to which the Notice is attached to avoid abandonment under 35 U.S.C. § 133 (extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a)).

The nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosure contained in this application does not comply with the requirements for such a disclosure as set forth in 37 C.F.R. 1.821 - 1.825 for the following reason(s):

- ☒ 1. This application clearly fails to comply with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.821-1.825. Applicant's attention is directed to the final rulemaking notice published at 55 FR 18230 (May 1, 1990), and 1114 OG 29 (May 15, 1990). If the effective filing date is on or after July 1, 1998, see the final rulemaking notice published at 63 FR 29620 (June 1, 1998) and 1211 OG 82 (June 23, 1998).
- ☐ 2. This application does not contain, as a separate part of the disclosure on paper copy, a "Sequence Listing" as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(c).
- ☐ 3. A copy of the "Sequence Listing" in computer readable form has not been submitted as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e).
- ☒ 4. A copy of the "Sequence Listing" in computer readable form has been submitted. However, the content of the computer readable form does not comply with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.822 and/or 1.823, as indicated on the attached copy of the marked -up "Raw Sequence Listing."
- ☐ 5. The computer readable form that has been filed with this application has been found to be damaged and/or unreadable as indicated on the attached CRF Diskette Problem Report. A Substitute computer readable form must be submitted as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.825(d).
- ☐ 6. The paper copy of the "Sequence Listing" is not the same as the computer readable form of the "Sequence Listing" as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e).
- ☐ 7. Other:

8. Applicant Must Provide:

- ☒ An initial or substitute computer readable form (CRF) copy of the "Sequence Listing".
- ☒ An initial or substitute paper copy of the "Sequence Listing", as well as an amendment directing its entry into the specification.
- ☒ A statement that the content of the paper and computer readable copies are the same and, where applicable, include no new matter, as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.821(e) or 1.821(f) or 1.821(g).

For questions regarding compliance to these requirements, please contact:

- For Rules Interpretation, call (703) 308-4216 or (703) 308-2923
- For CRF Submission Help, call (703) 308-4212
- For PatentIn software Program Support:
 - HELP DESK: (703) 739-8559, ext 508, M-F, 8 AM to 5 PM EST except holidays
 - Email: PATIN21HELP@uspto.gov
 - To purchase PatentIn software: (703) 306-2600

PLEASE RETURN A COPY OF THIS NOTICE WITH YOUR RESPONSE

XX Auebel FM, Garsin D, Mylonakis EE, Calderwood SB, Sifri CD;
XX WPI; 2003-559298/52.
DR P-PSDB; ADU33243.
XX
PT New polypeptide, useful for preparing a composition for treating or
PT preventing a microbial infection.
XX
XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 1; 140pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention describes Enterococcal virulence factors (I), which
CC can act as targets for drug discovery. Also described: (1) an isolated
CC nucleic acid encoding (I); (2) a vector or host cell comprising the
CC nucleic acid; (3) a method of screening a compound for effectiveness as
CC an antagonist of (I); (4) a composition comprising the antagonist
CC compound; (5) a method of screening a compound for effectiveness in
CC altering expression of (I); (6) a method of treating an individual; (7) a
CC vaccine composition comprising the polypeptide and a vehicle; and (8) a
CC method of treating or preventing a microbial infection. (I) is useful for
CC preparing a composition having antimicrobial activity for treating or
CC preventing a bacterial pathogenesis e.g. microbial infection. The present
CC sequence encodes an Enterococcal photolase, which is used in the
CC exemplification of the present invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 2267 BP; 801 A; 387 C; 416 G; 663 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1434; DB 10; Length 2267;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 1434; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 ATGAAAGAGTAATATGTTAGAGCTGATTTACGATTACAGGATAATAAGCATTAGCA 60
DB ATGAAAGAGTAATATGTTAGAGCTGATTTACGATTACAGGATAATAAGCATTAGCA 627
QY 61 CACGCGTTACAAAATTTCTGACGCTGATGAATGATTTATTTATTTCCAAATGAATCCTCAA 120
DB CACGCGTTACAAAATTTCTGACGCTGATGAATGATTTATTTATTTCCAAATGAATCCTCAA 687
QY 121 CAATTTATTCAGAAAGTGCTAATCATACGCTTTTGTGCAAGCTTAGCCTCTTCAA 180
DB CAATTTATTCAGAAAGTGCTAATCATACGCTTTTGTGCAAGCTTAGCCTCTTCAA 747
QY 181 GAACGAATTCGATCAAGAGGCACTTTACAAATCATGTCGGCGAACCAATTAGATTTATTT 240
DB GAACGAATTCGATCAAGAGGCACTTTACAAATCATGTCGGCGAACCAATTAGATTTATTT 807
QY 241 TCAGTTTGAACGCAAAATTAACCGATTTGGCAGGCCATTTATTTTAAATGAAGATCTGT 300
DB TCAGTTTGAACGCAAAATTAACCGATTTGGCAGGCCATTTATTTTAAATGAAGATCTGT 867
QY 301 GGCTTTGGGCAAGCGGACGACGATGCTATGCGCTTTTGAAGAAATTAATATTTCAG 360
DB GGCTTTGGGCAAGCGGACGACGATGCTATGCGCTTTTGAAGAAATTAATATTTCAG 927
QY 361 TCTTCTCTTTCAAGATGCTATTTGATGGCTCTGAAGAAATTAAGAAAGATGGC 420
DB TCTTCTCTTTCAAGATGCTATTTGATGGCTCTGAAGAAATTAAGAAAGATGGC 987
QY 421 AGCAAGTACCAAGTGTTTACGCCCTATTACAAATTAATGGAAGAGCGCCCTAAAGAAACA 480
DB AGCAAGTACCAAGTGTTTACGCCCTATTACAAATTAATGGAAGAGCGCCCTAAAGAAACA 1047
QY 481 CCGATTCCTGTTTCTATACAGCTGAAATAATTTTATGTCGTCTTTTCCGAAGAG 540
DB CCGATTCCTGTTTCTATACAGCTGAAATAATTTTATGTCGTCTTTTCCGAAGAG 1107
QY 541 GAAGCAGCTTATCGTGAACAGATTGCGGAGTTCCTTTTAAACACTATAGTGTGCGGAA 600
DB GAAGCAGCTTATCGTGAACAGATTGCGGAGTTCCTTTTAAACACTATAGTGTGCGGAA 1167
QY 601 GAAACAGCCAGAGCGGCTTAAATATCTTTTATGATCAAAAATCTTCAATCTTATGAAAT 660

DB 1168 GAAACAGCCAGAGGCGCTTAATACTTTTATTGATCAAAAACCTTCAATCTTATGAAAT 1227
QY 661 AAGCGTGAATTTTCTTATATCAGGATCAACAGAGTCAATCTGTCTACTTTTAAAGACGGGA 720
DB 1228 AAGCGTGAATTTTCTTATATCAGGATCAACAGAGTCAATCTGTCTACTTTTAAAGACGGGA 1287
QY 721 GAACTTTTCGATTCGCAACCATTTTGGCAAGAGCTTGCATCTGTGCCCTTTCTAGCTTAAAGTAA 780
DB 1288 GAACTTTTCGATTCGCAACCATTTTGGCAAGAGCTTGCATCTGTGCCCTTTCTAGCTTAAAGTAA 1347
QY 781 GAAACCTTTCAAAAAGAAATTTAGCTTTGGCGGCACTTTTACAATATGATCTATAGTGGCTTT 840
DB 1348 GAAACCTTTCAAAAAGAAATTTAGCTTTGGCGGCACTTTTACAATATGATCTATAGTGGCTTT 1407
QY 841 CCACAAACAAAAGAGGAGCTTATTTCAAGAAAATTTTGGTATATTTCAATGGAACAATGAC 900
DB 1408 CCACAAACAAAAGAGGAGCTTATTTCAAGAAAATTTTGGTATATTTCAATGGAACAATGAC 1467
QY 901 CCAGAAATGTTTGTCAAGTGGCAAAAAGGGGAGAGCGGGTACCCCTATATTTGATGCCGCA 960
DB 1468 CCAGAAATGTTTGTCAAGTGGCAAAAAGGGGAGAGCGGGTACCCCTATATTTGATGCCGCA 1527
QY 961 ATGCGACAACCTGAATCAAACTGGTTGGATGCACAATCTGCTTAAGAAATGATTTACTGCTCT 1020
DB 1528 ATGCGACAACCTGAATCAAACTGGTTGGATGCACAATCTGCTTTAAGAAATGATTTACTGCTCT 1587
QY 1021 TTTTGTAGTAAAATTTTACATCATCTGATTTGGCGTGGGGTGAAAATACCTTTCAAAAATG 1080
DB 1588 TTTTGTAGTAAAATTTTACATCATCTGATTTGGCGTGGGGTGAAAATACCTTTCAAAAATG 1647
QY 1081 TTGATTCATATGATGCTGCAATAATATCTGCTGGCTGGCAATGGGCTGCTTCAACAGGA 1140
DB 1648 TTGATTCATATGATGCTGCAATAATATCTGCTGGCTGGCAATGGGCTGCTTCAACAGGA 1707
QY 1141 ACAGAGCTGCTGCTTATTTTTCGGATTTTAAATCCAATTTATCCAGTCAAAAATTTGAT 1200
DB 1708 ACAGAGCTGCTGCTTATTTTTCGGATTTTAAATCCAATTTATCCAGTCAAAAATTTGAT 1767
QY 1201 AATGAGCGGCGAGTTCATCAAAAATATGTTCCAGAACTTAAGCAAGTGGCCACAAAGTAT 1260
DB 1768 AATGAGCGGCGAGTTCATCAAAAATATGTTCCAGAACTTAAGCAAGTGGCCACAAAGTAT 1827
QY 1261 ATTTCATCAACCAATCTTAATGAAGAGCCCTTACAAAGCAATATCATGTACATTTAGGA 1320
DB 1828 ATTTCATCAACCAATCTTAATGAAGAGCCCTTACAAAGCAATATCATGTACATTTAGGA 1887
QY 1321 GAAAAATTTATCAAAAACCCATTTGCTGATTTGATGATCAAGTAAAAAACAACATTTGTTCTA 1380
DB 1888 GAAAAATTTATCAAAAACCCATTTGCTGATTTGATGATCAAGTAAAAAACAACATTTGTTCTA 1947
QY 1381 TATGAGCGGAGCAAGAAATTTCAATCAAGAAATGAACAATCCAGGTTTCAATAA 1434
DB 1948 TATGAGCGGAGCAAGAAATTTCAATCAAGAAATGAACAATCCAGGTTTCAATAA 2001

RESULT 3
AA13199
ID AAX13199 standard; DNA; 5277 BP.
XX
XX AAX13199;
XX AC
XX AC
DT 19-MAR-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE Enterococcus faecalis genome contig SEQ ID NO:262.
XX
XX Enterococcus faecalis; contig; detection; Enterococcal infection;
KW vaccine; attenuation; computer readable medium; ds.
XX
XX Enterococcus faecalis.
OS
XX
PN WO9850555-A2.
PD 12-NOV-1998.

XX 04-MAY-1998; 98WO-US008985.
 XX 06-MAY-1997; 97US-004031P.
 PR 16-MAY-1997; 97US-0046655P.
 PR 14-NOV-1997; 97US-0066003P.
 XX (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
 XX Kunsch CA, Dillon PJ, Barash SC;
 XX WPI, 1999-045171/04.
 XX New isolated Enterococcus faecalis polynucleotides and polypeptides -
 PT used to develop products for the detection of Enterococcus and for use in
 PT vaccines for prevention or attenuation of Enterococcus infection.
 XX Claim 1; Page 1251-1254; 2084pp; English.
 XX A computer readable medium has been developed which has recorded on it
 CC 982 nucleotide sequences isolated from the Enterococcus faecalis genome.
 CC AAX12938 to AAX13919 represent these nucleotide sequences which are
 CC primary nucleotide sequences, also known as contigs. The computer-based
 CC system can identify fragments of the Enterococcus faecalis genome with
 CC commercial importance. The products can be used to detect the presence of
 CC Enterococcus faecalis in samples. They can also be used for diagnosing
 CC Enterococcal infection in an animal and monitoring progression of
 CC disease, and for identifying agents which can be used to modulate the
 CC growth or pathogenicity of Enterococcus faecalis, or another related
 CC organism, in vivo or in vitro. In particular the polypeptides encoded by
 CC the Enterococcus faecalis nucleotide sequences can be used in vaccines to
 CC prevent or attenuate an Enterococcal infection
 XX
 SQ Sequence 5277 BP; 1699 A; 946 C; 911 G; 1705 T; 0 U; 16 Other;
 Query Match 99.9%; Score 1432.8; DB 2; Length 5277;
 Best Local Similarity 99.8%; Pred. No. 0;
 Matches 1431; Conservative 3; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 ATGAAAGAGTAAATATGTTAGACGCTGATTTACGATTACAGGATTAATAAGCATTAGCA 60
 DB 1046 ATGAAAGAGTAAATATGTTAGACGCTGATTTACGATTACAGGATTAATAAGCATTAGCA 1105
 QY 61 CACGCGTTACAAATTCGCGCTGATGAATGATTTATTTATTTACAAATGAATCTCTCAA 120
 DB 1106 CACGCGTTACAAATTCGCGCTGATGAATGATTTATTTATTTACAAATGAATCTCTCAA 1165
 QY 121 CAATTTATTTCAAGAAAGTCTAATCAATGCTTTTTCAGCTTACGCTGTTTCAAA 180
 DB 1166 CAATTTATTTCAAGAAAGTCTAATCAATGCTTTTTCAGCTTACGCTGTTTCAAA 1225
 QY 181 GAACGAATCGATCAAGAGGACATTTTACAAATCATGCTGGCGAACCATTAGATTTATTT 240
 DB 1226 GAACGAATCGATCAAGAGGACATTTTACAAATCATGCTGGCGAACCATTAGATTTATTT 1285
 QY 241 TCAGTTTGAACGCAAAATACCCGATTCGCGGCAATTTATTTATGAAGATCTTGT 300
 DB 1286 TCAGTTTGAACGCAAAATACCCGATTCGCGGCAATTTATTTATGAAGATCTTGT 1345
 QY 301 GCGTTTGGGGCAAGCGGACCGACGATGCTGCTTTTTCAGCTTACGCTGTTTCAAA 360
 DB 1346 GCGTTTGGGGCAAGCGGACCGACGATGCTGCTTTTTCAGCTTACGCTGTTTCAAA 1405
 QY 361 TCTTTCTCTTTTCAAGATCCCTATTTTGCATGCTCTGAAGAAATTAAGAAACGATGCG 420
 DB 1406 TCTTTCTCTTTTCAAGATCCCTATTTTGCATGCTCTGAAGAAATTAAGAAACGATGCG 1465
 QY 421 AGCAAGTACCAAGTGTTTACGCGCTTATTTACAAATGAAGAGCGCTTAAGAAACA 480
 DB 1466 AGCAAGTACCAAGTGTTTACGCGCTTATTTACAAATGAAGAGCGCTTAAGAAACA 1525
 QY 481 CCGATTCTCTGTTTCTATACGCTGAAGAAATTTTATGCTGCTTTTTCAGAGAG 540

DB 1526 CCGATTCTCTGTTTCTATACAGCTGMAAAATTTTATGCTGCTGCTTTTCCAGAGAG 1585
 QY 541 GAACGAGCTTATCGTGAACAGATTGCGAGGATTCCTTTTACACACTATAGTGTGGCGAA 600
 DB 1586 GAACGAGCTTATCGTGAACAGATTGCGAGGATTCCTTTTAAACACACTATAGTGTGGCGAA 1645
 QY 601 GAAACAGCCAGAGAGGCGCTTTAAATACCTTTTATGATCAAAATCTTCAATCCCTATGAAAT 660
 DB 1646 GAAACAGCCAGAGAGGCGCTTTAAATACCTTTTATGATCAAAATCTTCAATCCCTATGAAAT 1705
 QY 661 AAGCGTGAATTTCTTATCAGGATCAAAACGAGTCATCTGCTACTTTTAAAGAACGGGA 720
 DB 1706 AAGCGTGAATTTCTTATCAGGATCAAAACGAGTCATCTGCTACTTTTAAAGAACGGGA 1765
 QY 721 GAACTTTCGATTTCGACCATTTTCGCAAGAGCTTGCATCTGCTCTTACGCTTAAGTAAA 780
 DB 1766 GAACTTTCGATTTCGACCATTTTCGCAAGAGCTTGCATCTGCTCTTACGCTTAAGTAAA 1825
 QY 781 GAAACCTTCAAAAAGAAATTAGCTTGGCGGACCTTTTACAAATATGATCTATAGTGGCTT 840
 DB 1826 GAAACCTTCAAAAAGAAATTAGCTTGGCGGACCTTTTACAAATATGATCTATAGTGGCTT 1885
 QY 841 CCAACAACAAAAGAGAGAGCTATTCAAGAAAAATTTTCGTTATATTCAATGGAACAAATGAC 900
 DB 1886 CCAACAACAAAAGAGAGAGCTATTCAAGAAAAATTTTCGTTATATTCAATGGAACAAATGAC 1945
 QY 901 CCAGAAATGTTTCTCAAGTGGCAAAAGGGGAGACGGGTACCTTAATTAATGATGGCGCA 960
 DB 1946 CCAGAAATGTTTCTCAAGTGGCAAAAGGGGAGACGGGTACCTTAATTAATGATGGCGCA 2005
 QY 961 ATGCGCAATGAATCAAACTGCTTGGATGACATCGCTTAAAGAAATGATTACTGCTCT 1020
 DB 2006 ATGCGCAATGAATCAAACTGCTTGGATGACATCGCTTAAAGAAATGATTACTGCTCT 2065
 QY 1021 TTTTATGTTAAAAATTTTACATCGATTGCGGTGGGGTGAAAAATACCTTCAAAAAATG 1080
 DB 2066 TTTTATGTTAAAAATTTTACATCGATTGCGGTGGGGTGAAAAATACCTTCAAAAAATG 2125
 QY 1081 TTGATTGACTATGATGCTGCCAATATATCGGTGGCTGGCAATGCGCTTCAACAGGA 1140
 DB 2126 TTGATTGACTATGATGCTGCCAATATATCGGTGGCTGGCAATGCGCTTCAACAGGA 2185
 QY 1141 ACGAGCGCTGCTCCCTTTATTTTCGGAATTTTAAATCCAAATTTCCAGTCAAAAAATTTGAT 1200
 DB 2186 ACGAGCGCTGCTCCCTTTATTTTCGGAATTTTAAATCCAAATTTCCAGTCAAAAAATTTGAT 2245
 QY 1201 AATGAGCGGAGTTTCAATCAAAAAATATGTTTCAGAACTTTAAGCAAGTGCCACAAAAATGAT 1260
 DB 2246 AATGAGCGGAGTTTCAATCAAAAAATATGTTTCAGAACTTTAAGCAAGTGCCACAAAAATGAT 2305
 QY 1261 ATTTCATCAACAAATCTTAATGAACGAGCTTTTACAAACGCAATATCATGTACATTTAGGA 1320
 DB 2306 ATTTCATCAACAAATCTTAATGAACGAGCTTTTACAAACGCAATATCATGTACATTTAGGA 2365
 QY 1321 GAAAAATTTTCAAAAAACCAATTTGCTGATTATGCTCAAGTAAAAAACAACATTTGTTCTA 1380
 DB 2366 GAAAAATTTTCAAAAAACCAATTTGCTGATTATGCTCAAGTAAAAAACAACATTTGTTCTA 2425
 QY 1381 TATGAGCGGAGCAAGAAATTTTCATCAAGAAATGAACAAATCCAAAGTTTCAATAA 1434
 DB 2426 TAKSAGCGGCAAGAAATTTTCATCAAGAAATGAACAAATCCAAAGTTTCAATAA 2479
 RESULT 4
 ABS98994
 ID ABS98994 standard; DNA; 5277 BP.
 XX
 AC ABS98994;
 XX
 DT 18-DEC-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Enterococcus faecalis contig sequence #262.
 XX